Cybersecurity Strategies for Preventing Business Fraud

Hosted by Rockland Trust Featuring Citrin Cooperman Advisors, LLC

Housekeeping

- This event being hosted live through Zoom.
- To cut down on background noise, all attendees are muted.
- Have questions? Enter them in the Q&A tab on your screen –
 we will be answering questions at the end of our webinar.
- Contact information for our speakers will also be included at the end of this webinar for reference.
- We will share this recorded presentation with everyone in roughly two business days.

Speakers



Stacey Coyne

VP, Institutional Banking & Treasury Management Team Leader Rockland Trust



Kevin Ricci, CISM, CISA, CRISC, MCSE, QSAPartner
Citrin Cooperman

Agenda

- The Cyber Threat Landscape
- Costs and Causes of a Data Breach
- Best Practices
- Micro Risk Assessment
- Questions

Cybersecurity Overview

Let's establish a baseline...

1. What is cybersecurity?

 "Cybersecurity is the art of protecting networks, devices, and data from unauthorized access or criminal use and the practice of ensuring confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information"

2. What does cyber security awareness mean?

• Being cybersecurity aware means you understand what the threats are, and you take the right steps to prevent them

Today's Cyber Threat Landscape

40+ Billion Records Were Lost, Stolen, or Exposed In 2021 Increase In the Compromised Records in 2021 vs 2020: 4 Billion

2022 Global Average Cost per Breach: \$4.35M

43% of Cyber Attacks
Target Small Organizations

91% of Breaches Are the Result of Phishing Attacks

Average Cost of a Breach Is 61% Less When Unprepared

Ransomware attacks cause an average of 21 days of downtime

Average Days to Detect a Breach: 207

Average Days to Contain a Breach: 70

Once More Unto the Breach





































Looking Under the Hoodie

HACKTIVISM

HREATS

Hacktivists might use computer network exploitation to advance their political or social causes.

CRIME



Individuals and sophisticated criminal enterprises steal personal information and extort victims for financial gain.

INSIDER



Insider threat actors typically steal proprietary information for personal, financial, or ideological reasons.

ESPIONAGE



Nation-state actors might conduct computer intrusions to steal sensitive state secrets and proprietary information from private companies.

TERRORISM



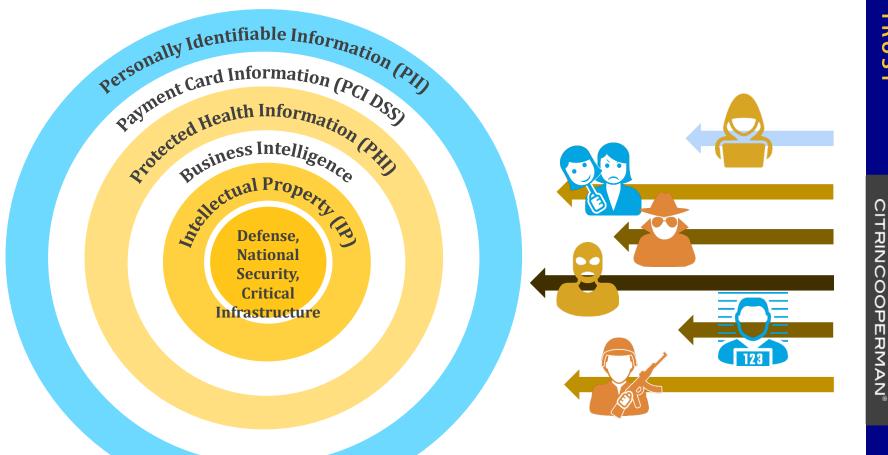
Terrorist groups might seek to sabotage the computer systems that operate our critical infrastructure.

WARFARE



Nation-state actors might attempt to sabotage military and critical infrastructure systems to gain an advantage in the event of conflict.

Motivations & Incentives



What Are Some Causes of Data Breaches?

- Malicious insider
- Physical security compromise
- Cloud or server misconfiguration
- Compromised credentials
- Social engineering



Another Day at the Breach

- Fines and penalties
- Technology expenditures
- **Forensics**
- Legal counsel
- Notification
- **Downtime**
- Reputation 8



(12)

Plan A: Go Old School

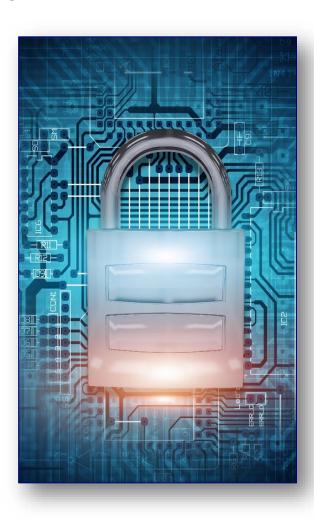






Plan B: Implement Cybersecurity Best Practices

- Assess, remediate, repeat
- Password hygiene & multi-factor authentication
- Continuous monitoring
- Service Organization Controls (SOC) reports
- Update your technology
- Work from home controls
- Penetration & vulnerability tests
- Incident response preparation
- Awareness training
- Spear phishing simulations



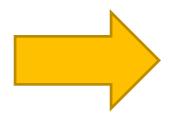
Spear Me the Details

- Phishing has evolved into <u>spear</u> phishing
- The email appears safe but has a sinister purpose
- Awareness and education are the best weapons against this threat

Gone Phishin'

The key question to ask when receiving an email that:

- asks you to provide sensitive information
- click on a link or open an attachment
- request to change financial data/payment instructions



Did I expect <u>this</u> request from <u>this</u> person at <u>this</u> time?

If you are unsure, then your next step is to contact the sender by phone to confirm the legitimacy.

It is critical to **ALWAYS** verify financial account details or wire instructions with your vendors by <u>phone</u>, every time there is a change to financial data.

CITRINCOOPERMAN®

Common Threats



Jane in your accounting department receives an email from Joe, a well-known vendor



The email looks legitimate and the writing seems like Joe's. Joe asks Jane to update payment information to a new bank account



Joe may have sent the email, it is possible that someone else could have intercepted the email and changed the account numbers before it got to Jane

A King's Ransom

- Dangers of ransomware
 - Encryption
 - Data is publicly exposed
- Dangers of paying
- Ransoms can be negotiated



Getting Off the Hook

- Trust but verify
- Enable warning banners for external senders

WARNING: This email originated from outside the organization.

- For many companies providing spear phishing training, they do not cover the other modes of social engineering:
 - **SMiShing** is an attack via text message
 - Vishing is a voice attack via a phone call



Getting Off the Hook (continued)

Look for errors

From: Mary Scanlan < Mary.Scanlan@R0cklandTrust.com>

Sent: Wednesday, March 3, 2021 12:20 PM

To: Jane Johnson < Jane. Johnson@RocklandTrust.com>

Subject: RE: New Wire Transfer

Hi Jane,

Thanks so much! Please send the wire to:

Jack Smith 101 Main Street Boston, MA

Routing #: 123456789 Account #: 987654321

Payment Amount: \$35,000

Memo: Invoice Payment for #555

Please send this as soon as you can and let me know when this is done!

Best,

Mary

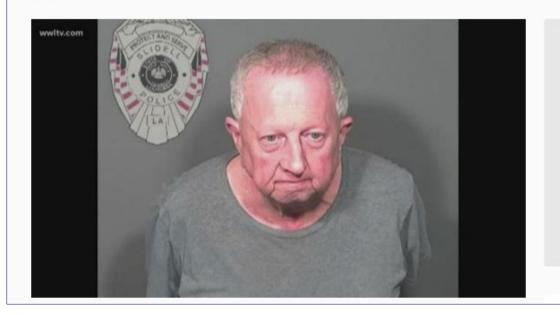
R0cklandTrust.com is NOT the correct domain name – be sure to check the full email



Farewell Sweet Prince

Police arrest alleged 'Nigerian prince' email scammer in Louisiana

USA TODAY NETWORK Charles Ventura, USA TODAY Published 6:22 a.m. ET Dec. 30, 2017 | Updated 9:46 a.m. ET Dec. 30, 2017



Louisiana man charged with 269 counts of wire fraud and money laundering

What is Payments Fraud?

Payments fraud -

- When financial information is stolen from a business by a fraudulent party (fraudster) and is used to complete illegal transactions
- The top vulnerabilities are:

Credit Card/ Merchant Services Fraud

Wire Fraud

Fraud committed through electronic communication means

<u>Check</u> Fraud

Fraud committed through the use of paper checks

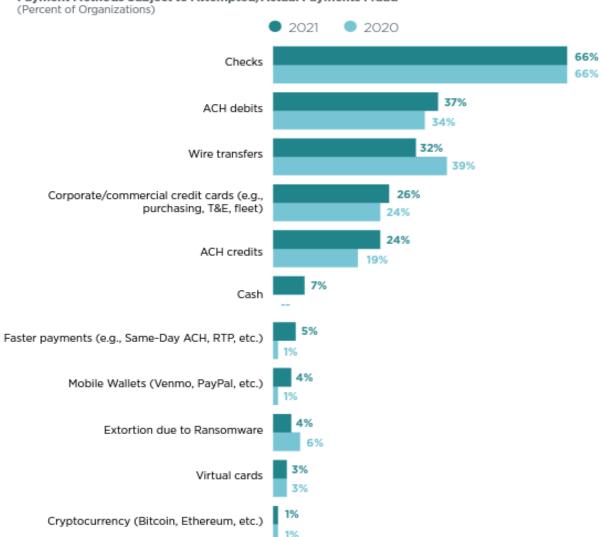
ACH Fraud

Fraud committed through the Automated Clearing House network

(21)

Payments Fraud





Prevention Strategies

Three basic, but **key rules**, that our treasury management team stresses are:

Rule #1: Always verify new or updated payment information over the phone with a known contact

Rule #2: Think twice before you click

Rule #3: Work with a banker to implement fraud prevention tools

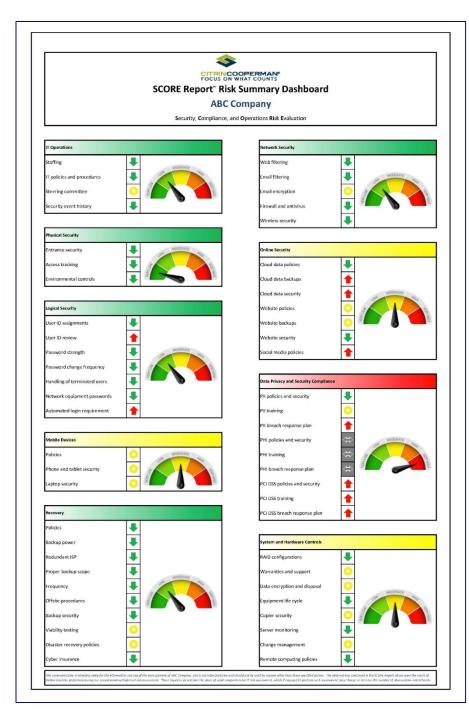
Ex. Positive Pay

The chances of recovering lost funds is significantly reduced after 24 hours.

If your business suspects or has experienced fraud – call your bank immediately!



Let's put your business to the test...





SCORE Report - Hot Spots ABC Company

Security, Compliance, and Operations Risk Evaluation

Section	Issue	Risk	Solution	Risk Level	
Data Privacy and Security Compliance					
PIITraining	There is no formal training in place to provide guidance regarding the protection of personally identifiable information (PII).	regulations typically require among other things, ongoing employee training on the properties of	Provide periodic security and privacy training to all employees that covers best practices on protecting PII.	High	
PII Breach Response Plan	There is no formal response plan in place to provide remediation steps in the event of a personally identifiable information (PII) data breach.	without a set of periodically tested breach response procedures in place, the response may not be	Document all PII breach response policies and procedures, with detailed descriptions and action steps. Test, to the fullest extent possible, the plan on an annual basis. Update the documentation as policies and procedures change.	High	
PCI DSS Training	There are no formal policies or training in place to provide guidance regarding the protection of cardholder data.	training would result in the organization being considered not in compliance with the PCI DSS and could result in significant fines and penalties. It also hinders employees from making good security	Complete the requirements of the PCI DSS SAQ that addresses the needs of the regulations surrounding the care of cardholder data. Update the documentation as policies and procedures change and submit on annual basis. Provide periodic training to all employees on the importance of protecting cardholder data.	High	
PCI DSS Breach Response Plan	There is no formal response plan in place to provide remediation steps in the event of a cardholder data breach.	Without a set of periodically tested breach response procedures in place, the response may not be organized and the remediation time may be significantly extended.	Document all PCI DSS breach response policies and procedures, with detailed descriptions and action steps. Test, to the fullest extent possible, the plan on an annual basis. Update the documentation as policies and procedures change.	High	

(25)

For remote connectivity and cloud applications, is multi-factor authentication required?

Do you perform viability testing on your backups on a periodic basis?

Do you provide security awareness training as part of the onboarding process?

Do you periodically test your end users' ability to detect and avoid spear phishing attacks?

If you have a multifunction copier, does it have a security solution installed?

Are key IT procedures and credentials documented and accessible by trusted and authorized members of the company?

Do you have a third-party risk management system to evaluate your vendor's cybersecurity efforts?

Do you review event logs for suspicious activity on a regular basis?

Are your servers and workstations running operating systems that are supported by the vendor (e.g., no Microsoft Windows Server 2008 or Windows 7)?

Do you perform penetration tests or vulnerability scans on a periodic basis?

Number of "YES" Answers	Risk Level
10	MODERATE HIGH
7 - 9	MODERATE HIGH
4 - 6	MODERATE MOLE AREA HIGH
0 - 3	ION MODERATE STORY





Exclusive offer! For viewers of this webinar:

Citrin Cooperman is offering a 50% discount on the SCORE Report, the proprietary cybersecurity risk assessment that's designed to identify and help remediate the risks that threaten your business before cybercriminals can take advantage of them

Contact Kevin Ricci (kricci@citrincooperman.com) to take advantage of this offer!

Thank You!



Stacey Coyne

VP, Institutional Banking & Treasury Management Team Leader Rockland Trust

Office: 508.732.3382

Stacey.Coyne@RocklandTrust.com



Kevin Ricci, CISM, CISA, CRISC, MCSE, QSA Partner

Citrin Cooperman

Office: 401.421.4800

kricci@citrincooperman.com

Questions